Priority Access and General Authorised Access Interference Mitigation in Spectrum Access System

ABSTRACT

- We propose a PAL-GAA co-channel interference mitigation technique that does not expose base station locations.
- Our approach relies on GAA sharing the distribution and maximum number of transmitters in a finite area.
- We show how PAL can derive the distribution of the aggregate inter-ference using Probability Density Function and Characteristic Function, and notify GAA about the exclusion zones in space that will guarantee that the interference requirement is met.

EXISTING SYSTEM

- To meet the capacity needs of next generation wireless communications, U.S. Federal Communications Commission has recently introduced Spectrum Access System.
- Spectrum is shared between three tiers Incumbents, Priority Access Licensees and General Authorised Access Licensees.
- We consider the scenario where locations are not shared between PAL and GAA.

PROPOSED SYSTEM

- We also propose a numerical approximation using Inverse Fast Fourier and Discrete Fourier Transforms.
- Analytically calculated distribution aligns well with the numerical results.
- Additionally we formulate an optimization problem for the optimal exclusion zone size.
- GAA base stations share their location distribution and the number of transmitters in a closed finite census tract area and the PAL network can derive and calculate the distribution of aggregate interference from the GAA base stations.

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

Processor

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Intel core 13

RAM

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2B

Hard Disk

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20 GB

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

Operating System

Tool

Front End

: LINUX

: Network Simulator-2

: OTCL Object Oriented Tool

Command Language)

REFERENCE

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- Amendment of the Commission Rules with Regard to Commercial Opera-tions in the 3550-3650 MHz Band, Federal Communications Commission, Apr. 2015.